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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional) TKX-7123US	
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on Signature	First Named Inventor Grieswald		
Typed or printed name	Art Unit 2616		Examiner Hom, Shick C.
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.			
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal.			
The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s).  Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.			
I am the			
applicant/inventor.		/Michael J. Fogarty, III/	
		Signature	
assignee of record of the entire interest.  See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.  (Form PTO/SB/96)		Michael J. Fogarty, III Typed or printed name	
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X attorney or agent of record.  Registration number _ 42,541		972-732-1001	
attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.		Telephone number	
		October 20, 2008	
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34 Date			Date
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.			
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## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Grieswald Docket No.: TKX-7123US

Serial No.: 09/997,034 Art Unit: 2616

Filed: November 28, 2001 Examiner: Hom, Shick C.

For: Circuit Arrangement for Testing a Communication System

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

## PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

Dear Sir:

Pending independent claims 1 and 6 have been rejected in the Final Office Action mailed August 19, 2008 ("the Final Office Action"). The claims stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as assertedly being unpatentable over a combination of Parker (U.S. Patent No. 5,822,520) and Chang (U.S. Patent No. 6,327,637). The claims, however, include limitations that are not taught or suggested by any of the cited references. Since these limitations are not shown in any of the references alone, they cannot be taught or suggested by the combination of references. Therefore, the claims are not obvious and should be allowed.

Claim 1 recites (emphasis added):

1. A circuit for testing a communication system that is subdivided into functional layers comprises a port that allows communication by a test apparatus directly with any layer that is higher than a first layer of the functional layers without the communication previously having to pass through the first layer.

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Claim 6 recites (emphasis added):

6. A method for testing a switch for a telecommunication network that is subdivided into functional layers comprising the steps of:

providing the switch with a circuit arrangement having a port that allows communication by a test apparatus directly with any layer that is higher than a first layer of the functional layers without the communication previously having to pass through the first layer;

outputting response data from the port to the test apparatus; and analyzing the response data by the test apparatus.

It is well-known that the claimed "first layer" is a physical layer.

The Final Office Action cites Parker as teaching a port that allows communication by a test apparatus, but admits that Parker does not teach communicating directly with a layer higher than a first layer without the communication passing through the first layer. (Final Office Action at 3-4.) The Final Office Action then points to Chang as teaching "that it is known to provide whereby the test apparatus communicate directly with any layer that is higher than a first layer of the functional layers without the communication previously having to pass through the first layer." (Final Office Action at 5.) In particular, the Final Office Action cites the Chang Abstract as reciting "the logic for devices to communicate with each other without an intervening physical layer thereby eliminating the connection to the physical layer in a system having multiple layers an in claims 1 and 6." (*Id.*)

The Chang Abstract clearly limits the communication of link layer information without an intervening physical layer to **internal** communications only. (Chang at Abstract.) If the Chang device is to communicate with **external** devices, it must use a PHY block (i.e. a **physical layer**). (*Id.*) Accordingly, the Chang Abstract does not teach or suggest allowing a test apparatus to communicate with any layer that is higher than a first layer of the functional layers without the communication previously having to pass through the first layer because Chang requires the use of physical layer (PHY) to communicate with external devices. (*Id.*).

The detailed description of Chang further supports this distinction from the pending claims. Chang's discussion at column 3, lines 32-60, which references Figure 4A, teaches that **internal** link layers 410 can communicate with **internal** split device 500, but PHY (physical layer device) 402 must be used to communicate with **external** devices (such as a test apparatus).

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Applicant has previously presented these arguments in the Response to Non-Final Office Action dated May 27, 2008 at pages 4-5. The "Response to Arguments" in the Final Office Action does not address the clear requirement in Chang that external communication of link layer information (i.e. with a test apparatus) requires a physical layer (PHY). (Final Office Action at 2.)

In view of the above, Applicants respectfully request allowance of the present invention.

Respectfully submitted,

October 20, 2008

Date

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